

¿WHAT ARE THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS?

On the 25th of September 2015, world leaders adopted a new set of global goals to eradicate poverty, protect the planet, and ensure prosperity for all as part of a new sustainable development agenda. Each goal has specific objectives to be achieved over the next 15 years.

To achieve these goals, everyone must do their part: governments, the private sector, civil society and individuals. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a universal call for action to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure that all people enjoy peace and prosperity.

SDS is an inclusive agenda. They address the root causes of poverty and unite us to bring about positive change for the benefit of people and the planet.

These 17 Goals build on the achievements of the Millennium Development Goals, but include new areas such as climate change, economic inequality, innovation, sustainable consumption, and peace and justice, among other priorities. The Goals are interlinked, often the key to success for one will involve the issues most frequently linked to another.

The SDS entail a spirit of collaboration and pragmatism to choose the best options to improve life, in a sustainable way, for future generations. They provide clear guidance and targets for adoption by all countries in accordance with their own priorities and the environmental challenges of the world at large.

The 17 SDG:

1. To eradicate poverty in all its forms throughout the world.
2. End hunger, achieve food security and better nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture.
3. Ensure a healthy life and promote well-being for all for all ages.
4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.
5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.
6. Ensure the availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.
7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.
8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment, and decent work for all.

9. Develop resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and encourage innovation.
10. Reduce inequalities between and within countries.
11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.
12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.
13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its effects (taking note of the agreements adopted in the forum of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change).
14. Conserve and sustainably use oceans, seas and marine resources to achieve sustainable development.
15. Protect, restore and promote the sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification and halt and reverse land degradation, and halt the loss of biological diversity.
16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, facilitate access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.
17. Strengthen means of implementation and revive the global partnership for sustainable development.

